

Fourier Analysis: Application, HW ① - ②

1. Direct verif. of convolution theorem via elementary means [10]

$$\text{For } s_j = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} p_{j-r} q_r, \text{ and}$$

$\hat{s}_k, \hat{p}_k, \hat{q}_k$ related to s_j, p_j, q_j as

$$\begin{cases} s_j = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{\frac{2\pi i}{N} kj} \hat{s}_k \\ \hat{s}_k = \sum_j e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N} kj} s_j \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Show } \hat{s}_k = \hat{p}_k \hat{q}_k$$

2. Properties of FT under time translation. [10]

$$\text{Say } r(t) = s(t + \tau).$$

$$\text{Given } \hat{s}(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-i\omega t} s(t) dt,$$

Find $\hat{r}(\omega)$ in terms of $\hat{s}(\omega)$

3. Say $q(t) = \frac{d}{dt} s(t)$. Find $\hat{q}(\omega)$ in terms of $\hat{s}(\omega)$ [10]

(Assume anything you need about convergence)

4. Moments. Write $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t^n s(t) dt$ in terms of $\hat{s}(\omega)$.

(Assume anything you need about convergence)