

Entropy & Information Ans

1. Uniform distribution from $-\frac{b}{2}$ to $\frac{b}{2}$; i.e. $p(x) = \frac{1}{b}, |x| < \frac{b}{2}$

Variance is
$$\int_{-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} x^2 p(x) dx = \frac{1}{b} \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_{-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} = \frac{b^2}{12}$$

Unit variance $\Rightarrow b = \sqrt{12}$.

Diff. entropy =
$$-\int_{-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} \frac{1}{b} \log_2 \frac{1}{b} dx = \log_2 b$$

D.E. (uniform) = $\log_2(\sqrt{12}) \approx 1.79$

D.E. (Gaussian) = $\frac{1}{\ln 2} \left(\frac{1 + \ln \pi}{2} \right) \approx 2.05$

2. The string can be recoded, without loss, as a sequence of "3"s & "5"s

e.g., 5 3 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 ...

This is 1 bit/symbol. But each symbol in the recoded string corr. to either 5 or 3 bits in the original string. Typically one transition every 4 symbols;
 \therefore entropy = $\frac{1}{4}$ [one bit]

3. The process y is determined by x , & vice-versa.

\therefore entropy (differential) per symbol of $y = \frac{1}{\ln 2} \left[\frac{1 + \ln \pi}{2} + \frac{\ln V}{2} \right]$