

Linear Transformations and Group Representations

Homework #3 (2014-2015), Questions

Representations of the dihedral group of D_4

Here we construct some of the representations of the dihedral group D_4 , i.e., the rotations and reflections of a square. (These are not all of its representations, and these are not necessarily irreducible.) Let's use the following notation for its elements:

I : the identity

R, R^{-1} : 90-degree rotations right and left ($R^4 = I$)

C : rotation by 180 deg ($C^2 = I, R^2 = C$)

X, Y : mirror flips in the x - and y -axes ($X^2 = Y^2 = I$)

$M_{\setminus}, M_{/}$: mirror flips on the two diagonals ($M_{\setminus}^2 = M_{/}^2 = I$).

Here is the start of a character table, i.e., $\chi_L(g) = \text{tr}(L_g)$, where g is one of the $g \in \{I, R, R^{-1}, C, X, Y, M_{\setminus}, M_{/}\}$. Note that for group elements g and h that are intrinsically identical, i.e., related by $h = \alpha g \alpha^{-1}$, then $\chi_L(g) = \chi_L(h)$, so we've grouped them into a single column. For example, $R^{-1} = XRX^{-1}$, $Y = M_{\setminus}XM_{\setminus}^{-1}$, and $M_{\setminus} = XM_{/}X^{-1}$ (try it!).

When L is the trivial representation, L_g is the 1×1 identity matrix, whose trace is 1:

	g				
L	I	R, R^{-1}	C	X, Y	$M_{\setminus}, M_{/}$
Trivial rep.	1	1	1	1	1

- A. Determine the characters for the representation based on 2×2 matrices that express the rotations and mirror-flips of the square in the standard coordinate plane.
- B. Determine the characters based on permutation matrices, where we consider the four corners to be the objects permuted.
- C. Determine the characters based on the permutation matrices, where we consider the four sides to be the objects permuted.
- D. Determine the characters based on the permutation matrices, where we consider two diagonals to be the objects permuted.
- E. Which of the above representations contain the trivial (identity) representation?